

## **Computing Pupil Progression**

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computing systems and networks	Technology around us  To identify technology To identify a computer and its main parts To use a mouse in different ways To use a keyboard to type To use the keyboard to edit text To create rules for using technology responsibly	Information technology around us  To recognise the uses and features of information technology  To identify information technology in the home  To identify information technology beyond school  To explain how information technology benefits us  To show how to use information technology safely  To recognise that choices are made when using information technology	Connecting computers  To explain how digital devices function  To identify input and output devices  To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work  To explain how a computer network can be used to share information  To explore how digital devices can be connected  To recognise the physical components of a network	The internet  To describe how networks physically connect to other networks  To recognise how networked devices make up the internet  To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web  To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web  To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people  To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	Sharing information To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives To recognise how information is transferred over the internet To explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together To contribute to a shared project online To evaluate different ways of working together online	Communication  To identify how to use a search engine To describe how search engines select results To describe how search engines select results To explain how search results are ranked To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom To recognise how we communicate using technology To evaluate different methods of online communication

Creating	Digital pointing	Digital what a graphy	Sten from a primation	Adia adisina	Vide e edition	Web new question
Media	Digital painting  To describe what different freehand tools do To use the shape tool and the line tools To make careful choices when painting a digital picture To explain why I chose the tools I used To use a computer on my own to paint a picture To compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper  Digital writing  To use a computer to write To add and remove text on a computer To identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer To make careful choices when changing text To explain why I used the tools that I chose To compare writing on a computer with writing on paper	Digital photography  To know what devices can be used to take photographs  To use a digital device to take a photograph  To describe what makes a good photograph  To decide how photographs can be improved  To use tools to change an image  To recognise that images can be changed  Making music  To say how music can make us feel  To identify that there are patterns in music  To describe how music can be used in different ways  To show how music is made from a series of notes  To create music for a purpose  To review and refine our computer work	<ul> <li>To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs</li> <li>To relate animated movement with a sequence of images</li> <li>To plan an animation</li> <li>To identify the need to work consistently and carefully</li> <li>To review and improve an animation</li> <li>To evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation</li> <li>Desktop publishing</li> <li>To recognise how text and images convey information</li> <li>To recognise that text and layout can be edited</li> <li>To choose appropriate page settings</li> <li>To add content to a desktop publishing publication</li> <li>To consider how different layouts can suit different purposes</li> <li>To consider the benefits of desktop publishing</li> </ul>	Audio editing  To identify that sound can be digitally recorded To use a digital device to record sound To explain that a digital recording is stored as a file To explain that audio can be changed through editing To show that different types of audio can be combined and played together To evaluate editing choices made  Photo editing  To explain that digital images can be changed To change the composition of an image To describe how images can be changed for different uses To make good choices when selecting different tools To recognise that not all images are real To evaluate how changes can improve an image	Video editing  To recognise video as moving pictures, which can include audio To identify digital devices that can record video To capture video using a digital device To recognise the features of an effective video To identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editing To consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video  Vector drawing To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes To create a vector drawing by combining shapes To use tools to achieve a desired effect To recognise that vector drawings consist of layers To group objects to make them easier to work with To evaluate my vector drawing	<ul> <li>Web page creation</li> <li>To review an existing website and consider its structure</li> <li>To plan the features of a web page</li> <li>To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)</li> <li>To recognise the need to preview pages</li> <li>To outline the need for a navigation path</li> <li>To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people</li> <li>3D modelling</li> <li>To use a computer to create and manipulate three-dimensional (3D) digital objects</li> <li>To compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics</li> <li>To construct a digital 3D model of a physical object</li> <li>To identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes</li> <li>To design a digital model by combining 3D objects</li> <li>To develop and improve a digital 3D model</li> </ul>
Data and information	To label objects     To identify that objects can be counted     To describe objects in different ways     To count objects with the same properties     To compare groups of objects     To answer questions about groups of objects	Pictograms  To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts  To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures  To create a pictogram  To select objects by attribute and make comparisons  To recognise that people can be described by attributes  To explain that we can present information using a computer	To create questions with yes/no answers     To identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data     To create a branching database     To identify objects using a branching database     To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured     To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database	To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions     To use a digital device to collect data automatically     To explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over time     To use data collected over a long duration to find information     To identify the data needed to answer questions     To use collected data to answer questions	Flat-file databases  To use a form to record information  To compare paper and computer-based databases  To outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions  To explain that tools can be used to select specific data  To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually  To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions	To identify questions which can be answered using data     To explain that objects can be described using data     To explain that formula can be used to produce calculated data     To apply formulas to data, including duplicating     To create a spreadsheet to plan an event     To choose suitable ways to present data
Programmin g	To explain what a given command will do     To act out a given word     To combine forwards and	To describe a series of instructions as a sequence     To explain what happens when we change the order of	Sequence in music  To explore a new programming environment  I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands	Repetition in shapes     To identify that accuracy in programming is important     To create a program in a text-based language	Selection in physical computing     To control a simple circuit connected to a computer     To write a program that includes count-controlled	Variables in games  To define a 'variable' as something that is changeable  To explain why a variable is used in a program

backwards commands to make a sequence
To combine four direction commands to make
sequences
To plan a simple program
To find more than one
solution to a problem
<ul> <li>Introduction to animation</li> </ul>

• To choose a command for

commands can be joined

To explain that each sprite

has its own instructions

• To design the parts of a

• To use my algorithm to

create a program

a given purpose

To show that a series of

• To identify the effect of

changing a value

together

- To explain that programming projects can have code and artwork
  - To design an algorithm

instructions

commands)

To create and debug a program that I have written

• To use logical reasoning to

program (series of

predict the outcome of a

- Introduction to quizzes
- To explain that a sequence of commands has a start
- To explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome
- To create a program using a given design
- To change a given design
- To create a program using my own design
- To decide how my project can be improved

To explain that a program has a start

- To recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order
- To change the appearance of my project
- To create a project from a task description
- Events and actions

I choose

- To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project
- To create a program to move a sprite in four directions
- To adapt a program to a new context
- To develop my program by adding features
- To identify and fix bugs in a program
- To design and create a mazebased challenge

To explain what 'repeat' means

- To modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome
- To decompose a program into parts
- To create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcome
- Repetition in games
- To develop the use of countcontrolled loops in a different programming environment
- To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loops
- To develop a design which includes two or more loops which run at the same time
- To modify an infinite loop in a given program
- To design a project that includes repetition
   To create a project that

includes repetition

 To explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met, eg

loops

- number of times
   To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been
- To design a physical project that includes selection
- To create a controllable system that includes selection
- Selection in games
- To explain how selection is used in computer programs
- To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome
- To explain how selection directs the flow of a program
- To design a program which uses selection
- To create a program which uses selection
- To evaluate my program

- To choose how to improve a game by using variables
- To design a project that builds on a given example
- To use my design to create a project
- To evaluate my project
- Sensing
- To create a program to run on a controllable device
- To explain that selection can control the flow of a program
- To update a variable with a user input
- To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value
- To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device
- To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device